

$$1. \quad X(u, v) = ((a+b\cos u)\cos v, (a+b\cos u)\sin v, b\sin u)$$

$$X_u = (-b\sin u \cos v, -b\sin u \sin v, b\cos u)$$

$$X_v = (-a(b\cos u)\sin v, (a+b\cos u)\cos v, 0)$$

$$X_{uu} = (-b\cos u \cos v, -b\cos u \sin v, -b\sin v)$$

$$X_{vv} = (-a(b\cos u)\cos v, -a(b\cos u)\sin v, 0)$$

$$X_{uv} = (b\sin u \sin v, -b\sin u \cos v, 0)$$

$$N = \frac{X_u \times X_v}{|X_u \times X_v|} = \frac{1}{b(a+b\cos u)} (-b(a+b\cos u)\cos u \cos v, -b(a+b\cos u)\cos u \sin v, -b(a+b\cos u)\sin u)$$

$$= (-\cos u \cos v, -\cos u \sin v, \sin u)$$

$$h = \begin{pmatrix} \langle N, X_{uu} \rangle & \langle N, X_{uv} \rangle \\ \langle N, X_{uv} \rangle & \langle N, X_{vv} \rangle \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} b & 0 \\ 0 & (a+b\cos u)\cos u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$g = \begin{pmatrix} \langle X_u, X_u \rangle & \langle X_u, X_v \rangle \\ \langle X_v, X_u \rangle & \langle X_v, X_v \rangle \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} b^2 & 0 \\ 0 & (a+b\cos u)^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$K = \frac{\det(h)}{\det(g)} = \frac{b(a+b\cos u)\cos u}{b^2(a+b\cos u)^2} = \frac{\cos u}{b(a+b\cos u)}$$

$$H = \text{tr}(g^{-1}h) = \text{tr}\left(\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{b^2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{(a+b\cos u)^2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} b & 0 \\ 0 & (a+b\cos u)\cos u \end{pmatrix}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{b} + \frac{\cos u}{a+b\cos u}$$

$$\text{If we take } N = -\frac{X_u \times X_v}{|X_u \times X_v|}, \text{ then } H = -\frac{1}{b} - \frac{\cos u}{a+b\cos u}, K = \frac{\cos u}{b(a+b\cos u)}$$

2a. Let  $F(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 - z$ ,  $S = F^{-1}(0)$

$$\text{Choose } N = \frac{\nabla F}{|\nabla F|} = \frac{(2x, 2y, -1)}{\sqrt{4x^2 + 4y^2 + 1}}$$

Take  $x = r \cos \theta$ ,  $y = r \sin \theta$

$$N(r, \theta) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4r^2+1}} (2r \cos \theta, 2r \sin \theta, -1) = \left( \frac{2r}{\sqrt{4r^2+1}} \cos \theta, \frac{2r}{\sqrt{4r^2+1}} \sin \theta, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{4r^2+1}} \right)$$

$$-1 \leq -\frac{1}{\sqrt{4r^2+1}} < 0$$

Image of Gauss map:  $S^2 \cap \{z < 0\}$

If we choose  $N = -\frac{\nabla F}{|\nabla F|}$ , then image of Gauss map:  $S^2 \cap \{z > 0\}$

2b. Let  $F(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 - z^2$ ,  $S = F^{-1}(1)$

$$\text{Choose } N = \frac{\nabla F}{|\nabla F|} = \frac{(x, y, -z)}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$$

Take  $x = \sqrt{1+z^2} \cos \theta$ ,  $y = \sqrt{1+z^2} \sin \theta$

$$N(z, \theta) = \left( \frac{\sqrt{1+z^2}}{\sqrt{1+2z^2}} \cos \theta, \frac{\sqrt{1+z^2}}{\sqrt{1+2z^2}} \sin \theta, -\frac{z}{\sqrt{1+2z^2}} \right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < -\frac{z}{\sqrt{1+2z^2}} < \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Image of Gauss map:  $S^2 \cap \{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < z < \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\}$

If we choose  $N = -\frac{\nabla F}{|\nabla F|}$ , image of Gauss map has no change

2c. Let  $F(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 - \cosh^2 z$ ,  $S = F^{-1}(0)$

$$\text{Choose } N = \frac{\nabla F}{|\nabla F|} = \frac{(x, y, -\cosh z \sinh z)}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + \cosh^2 z \sinh^2 z}}$$

Take  $x = \cosh z \cos \theta$ ,  $y = \cosh z \sin \theta$

$$N(z, \theta) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cosh^2 z (1 + \sinh^2 z)}} (\cosh z \cos \theta, \cosh z \sin \theta, -\cosh z \sinh z)$$

$$= \left( \frac{1}{\cosh z} \cos \theta, \frac{1}{\cosh z} \sin \theta, -\frac{\sinh z}{\cosh z} \right)$$

$$-1 < -\frac{\sinh z}{\cosh z} < 1$$

Image of Gauss map =  $S^2 \setminus \{(0,0,1), (0,0,-1)\}$

If we choose  $N = -\frac{\nabla F}{|\nabla F|}$ , image of Gauss map has no change.

3. Claim :  $p$  is umbilical point if and only if  $4K_p = H_p^2$

Let  $K_1, K_2$  be principle curvature at  $p$ .

$$K_p = K_1 K_2$$

$$H_p = K_1 + K_2$$

( $\Rightarrow$ ) Suppose  $p$  is umbilical point (i.e.  $K_1 = K_2$ )

$$K_p = K_1^2, \quad H_p = 2K_1$$

$$4K_p = H_p^2$$

( $\Leftarrow$ ) Suppose  $4K_p = H_p^2$

$$4K_1 K_2 = (K_1 + K_2)^2$$

$$4K_1 K_2 = K_1^2 + 2K_1 K_2 + K_2^2$$

$$K_1^2 - 2K_1 K_2 + K_2^2 = 0$$

$$(K_1 - K_2)^2 = 0$$

$$K_1 = K_2$$